[Introduction / Bilateral]

Parties have agreed to relaunch bilateral negotiations on ____ [date] in _____ [place], with the goal of concluding negotiations within 24 months that will bring an end to the conflict.

[Regional track / Multilateral]

As soon as possible, a structured negotiation track with multilateral participation will begin on an ongoing basis in parallel with the bilateral negotiations to address issues of common interest such as [not a determined list; illustrative]: Energy, Refugees, Water, Health, Education, Interfaith dialogue, in order to create new realities in the region.

[Comprehensive peace]

We will also pursue peace between Israel and Lebanon, Israel and Syria, and broader peace between Israel and its many neighbours.

[Goals - provided separately in hard copy]

The goal is clear: bring an end to the Israeli- Palestinian conflict and to resolve the open disputes and claim between the parties, including the territorial and security issues addressed by UN Security Council Resolution 242 and 338, by reaching realistic, effective, and enduring agreements and arrangements which will enable two states to live side by side in peace and security—the state of Israel with secure and recognized borders and an independent and territorially and economically viable Palestinian state. [Without prejudice to the location of the borders, the land being discussed is the territory occupied in 1967.]

It is understood that this will be achieved through direct bilateral negotiations which will resolve previously identified issues such as security, borders, settlements, refugees, Jerusalem, relations and cooperation with other neighbors as well as other issues of common interest. The U.S. will play an active and sustained role in supporting the parties in this effort. The parties will need to: agree on the conduct of negotiations, reach the necessary agreements and arrangements, and ultimately attain their long awaited mutual reconciliation.

[Character]

Lasting peace can only come through the re-energized efforts of all concerned and can only be based on an enduring commitment to mutual recognition, freedom from violence, incitement and terror, including socialization for peace, and the two state solution, building on previous agreements and obligations.

Consistent with this principle, neither side should take any actions that could prejudge the very issues under negotiation. Unilateral actions will not prejudge the outcome of these negotiations.

[Gaza]

Conditions in Gaza present a tremendous challenge. It is in the interest of the parties and the international community, including the United States, to overcome this challenge in a manner that facilitates the flow of aid and commerce to meet the legitimate needs of Palestinians in Gaza, while addressing Israel's legitimate security concerns.

Palestinian Authority (PA) Steps

- The Palestinian Authority (PA) has committed to continue its efforts on security reform and to undertaking operations aimed at confronting all those engaged in terrorism, including the confiscation of illegal weapons.
- The PA will finalize the Interior Ministry's "Plan for Re-organization, Restructuring, and Development of the Palestinian Security Establishment" and begin implementation, including the following priorities:
 - Reduce where possible the number of security services through combining them.
 - Rename some of the security services to be consistent with higher national strategy of promoting law and order and preventing terrorism.
- The PA will continue over the next 12 months its security initiative in Jenin.
- The PA will enhance specialized training courses for security services focused on law enforcement and counter-terror operations.
- The PA will enhance efforts to combat terrorist-financing, through the Palestinian Monetary Authority (PMA) Financial Follow-Up Unit (FFU) and by continuing to develop capacity to track and deter financial transactions used to fund terrorist activity.
- The PA will intensify efforts to develop judicial, administrative, and economic institution, consistent with the Program for the Thirteenth Government, to ensure that the Palestinian state is viable, provides safety to its citizens, and is a good neighbor. The PA will continue with criminal justice sector, including training of criminal investigators, prosecutors and judges, and infrastructure projects such as police stations, jails courthouses and prisons. In Particular, the PA will resolve ongoing jurisdictional conflicts among officials in the justice sector that have hindered reforms to date and facilitate the timely and effective prosecution following arrests.
- The PA will continue to improve its public sector to ensure effective service delivery and revenue collection, and strengthen its fiscal position through structural reforms to the public pension system and the electricity sector. The PA will continue efforts to create a regulatory and judicial environment favorable to private investment.
- All official Palestinian institutions end incitement against Israel.
- The PA will help to promote a positive atmosphere conducive to negotiations; in particular during negotiations it will refrain from pursuing or supporting any initiative directly or indirectly in international legal forums that would undermine that atmosphere.