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MEMORANDUM FOR:

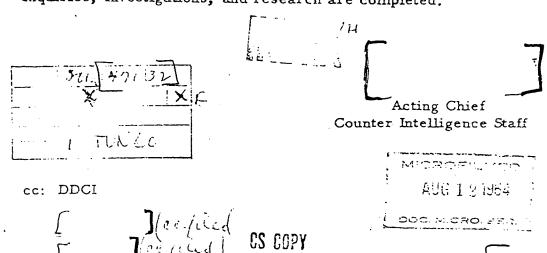
Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT:

Adolf EICHMANN

TAGOR DIOTIVIZATION

- 1. This memorandum is for information only.
- 2. In our effort to locate all available information on EICHMANN, the SS man who, according to the newspapers, was seized by the Israelis on 23 May 1960, we have made a concentrated search through various captured German documents. Among the items on EICHMANN we have found a report dated 4 November 1937 which was prepared by EICHMANN, then an SS master sergeant, and one fnu HAGEN, then an SS first sergeant. The report provides details on the trip which EICHMANN and HAGEN took during September 1937 and contains data on a number of agents and informers who worked for the RSHA. Other captured records have brought to light the names of additional agents and informers. Details are provided in the attached interim report.
- 3. A final report will be forwarded to your office as soon as all inquiries, investigations, and research are completed.



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EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b) (2) (A) Privacy (2) (B) Methods/Sources (E) (2) (G) Foreign Relations (E)

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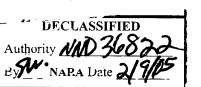
By NARA Date 21905

SECRET

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Adolf EICHMANN

- 1. On 4 November 1937 Adolf EICHMANN, then an SS master sergeant, and int HAGEN, then an SS first sergeant, prepared a report on their trip of September 1937 to various countries, sincluding Israel (then Palestine). According to the report, Dr. Franz REICHERT, then a representative of the German news agency D. N. B., in Jerusalem, was one of EICHMANN's principal agents. Among subagents REICHERT handled was Feiwel POLKES, aka Feibel POLKES, aka Feivel POLKES, a Jew who resided at that time in Tel Aviv. The report stated that POLKES had no profession and that his only means of livelihood was the money paid to him "by us" through REICHERT. He received a total of 20 pounds per month: ten pounds were his monthly salary; five pounds were a special payment; and another five pounds were given to him to pay one of his sub-agents, fnuklein of Haifa. The report stated that POLKES had another sub-agent, one fnuklein (or Schalomi lnu), who was a member of HAGANA.
- 2. Another captured German document is a progress report for the period 1 July to 31 July 1937, prepared by the unit of which EICHMANN was a member. It states that Feibel POLKES had thetask of furnishing information on "HAGANA, political developments in the Near East, and universal organization of Judaism." Still other captured records contain extensive and detailed reports on HAGANA and other world-wide Jewish organizations. A study of these reports will be made in order to determine whether they were prepared on the basis of information furnished by POLKES and his sub-agents.
- 3. RID's central index contains no record on POLKES. However, a check of the records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service has brought to light the following information:



SEC. ICT

ELSHET-

"Feivel POLKES

"Arrived in U.S. January 1, 1954 at New York for business.

Departed January 13, 1954. Occupation - Business Executive.

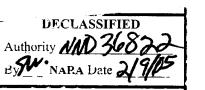
Born - September 11, 1900, in Sohol, Israel. Nationality
Israeli. Race - Hebrew. Israeli passport #11538 issued

February 17, 1953. Wife's name - Lisa. Address - 43

Hillel Street, Haifa, Israeli. Destination in U.S.
Queens, N.Y. White hair, grey eyes, 5:6".

Also in U.S. once before in October 1953."

- 4. Through the efforts of the Office of Security, it has been possible to determine that the above-cited address in Queens consists of garden apartments. one of these apartment houses, consists of six individual residences (apartments). Five of the residents at this address have moved there since 1954. The sixth apartment is occupied by the family of the behalf endeavor to determine the names of the tenants of the other five apartments who lived there in January 1954.
- 5. We are conducting investigations on the following agents or contacts who worked directly or indirectly for EICHMANN in 1938:
 - a. Fau'GENTZ, D. N.B. representative in Cairo, His area of activity was Egypt and the Near East; his principal task was the observation of development of the Jewish State. He was in contact with Dr. REICHERT.
 - b. Wilhelm M. BORMANN had been expelled, presumably from a country in the Near East. German attempts to have the expulsion order rescinded had failed; and at the time [January 1938] BORMANN was temporarily residing in Berlin. His area of activity had been the Near East, and he collaborated with Dr. REICHERT and fnu GENTZ. Occasionally Dr. REICHERT used him as a courier.
 - c. E. F. ELMHURST operated in the United States. His area of activity was given as "America," and his task was observation of "anti-national socialist boycott leagues."
 - d. Henri ARCHARCHE, a lawyer, resided in Alexandria, Egypt.
 - e. Samy MOUSFY, an editor, resided in Cairo, Egypt. 3 and
 - 1. Ibrahim CHANTI, aka SHANTI, owner and editor-in-chief of the newspaper, Ad-Difah, reported through Dr. REICHERT.



- g. Siegfried LEVIT, a Czechoslovakian national of the Jewish faith, worked for the Gestado in Paris and investigated illegal currency transactions. He had been temporarily assigned to investigate the killing of GUSTLOFF, a Swiss Wazi, whose murder the Germans attributed to the Jews. During this assignment LEVIT was under the jurisdiction of Section II 112 of which EICHMANN was a member. LEVIT had furnished "very reliable material of purely political and Jewish-political nature." He was to have been returned to his parent organization, i.e., the Gestapo.
- h. Gustav DOERR, a resident of Bucharest, reported on persons who were of the Jewish faith and who were representatives of German firms in Bucharest. Among other items he also reported on "the development of the Jewish question", presumably in Rumania.
- i. Hans D. ZIEGRA, president of the "New York Overseas Corporation", was involved in the financing of mass emigration of Jews from Germany. The RSHA had established contact with him in December 1937 (i.e., one month prior to the date of the document) and was developing the relationship with him.
- Heinrich SCHLIE, a resident of Berlin, had contact with Croatians and supported illegal emigrations of Jews. He worked for the Hanseatic Travel Bureau in Berlin. At the request of the Gestapo office in charge of the Danube area he was transferred to its jurisdiction and worked as its agent.
- of the Nazi Party and reported on emigration of Jews from Germany and on organizations involved in gration of Jews. (Possible identity with Otto von BOLLSCHWING former, is being checked.)

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By NARA Date 21905