

## **Suggested statement for an Israeli Palestinian Summit Meeting in March**

The parties agreed that pursuing a Two State solution is key to achieving peace and security for Palestinians and Israelis, as well as the stability of the region. The leaders are committed and determined to actively start working in the coming weeks towards a comprehensive agreement between Israelis and Palestinians.

Such an agreement will need to satisfactorily address and resolve all the issues of importance relating to security, Jerusalem, right of return, settlements and final borders for both parties. Progress on such an agreement would be a part of a comprehensive settlement to the Arab Israeli conflict in accordance with UNSC resolutions, the Road Map and the Arab Peace Initiative of 2002.

We are determined to begin an immediate and sustained push forward to improve the conditions on the ground and start political negotiations to advance discussions on establishing an independent and viable Palestinian state living side by side with Israel in peace and security and achieving a settlement to the Arab Israeli conflict.

The settlement will resolve the Israel-Palestinian conflict, and end the occupation that began in 1967, based on the foundations of the Madrid Conference, the principle of land for peace, UNSCRs 242, 338 and 1397, agreements previously reached by the parties, and the initiative of Saudi Crown Prince Abdullah – endorsed by the Beirut Arab League Summit – calling for acceptance of Israel as a neighbor living in peace and security, in the context of a comprehensive settlement. This initiative is a vital element of international efforts to promote a comprehensive peace on all tracks, including the Syrian-Israeli and Lebanese-Israeli tracks.

The parties call on the international community, the Quartet, Arab and Muslim states to support their progress in the political negotiations and provide all necessary assistance in advancing the peace process and reaching a comprehensive settlement.