DEPUTY JUDGE ADVOCATE'S OFFICE 7708 WAR CRIMES GROUP EUROPEAN COMMAND

15 May 1947

UNITED STATES

VS

Faceb An, Gustav ELGERT, Georg HETTER, Boris Tobias ISERLIS. Johann MUFERT, August THE STREET, TO

Case No. 000-50-2+14

TRIAL DATA:

Triod of Dachau, Corrany Dato: 4-5 November 1946 Intermediate Military Government Court

	OGU	METERS 1	
- 4	2012	142.4	ш.

AU, Jacob

ELCERT, Gustav

FLORIAN, Georg

HIAWATY, Korl

BUETINER, Robert

MEUFERT, Johann

UEBERSETZIG, August

DATA

Age 49 Gorman national SS guard Rank - Technical Sorgeant

Age 24 German notional SS guard

Ago 48 Gorman muticani SS guard Runk - Pic

Ago 51 Czechoslovakiar national from 2 May 1945 55 guera Ronk - PFC

Age 46 German national SS muora Rork - Sergeunt

Age 51 German hational Yugoslavian citizenship 3 May 1945 SS guard

Rank - Frivate

Ago 48 German netional SS guard

SENTENCE

2 years and 6 months confinement from 24 June 1945

1 year and 6 months confirmment from 22 May 1945

1 year end 6 months confinement from 7 May 1945

2 years confinement

2 years confinement from 23Mny 1945

1 year and 6 months confinement from

2 years confinement from 5 May 1945

FIRST CHARGE:	Violation	of	the Lews	
	and Usages	of	War.	

PARTICULARS: 'In that Jacob'AU, Gustav ELSERE,
Georg FLORTAN, Kerl HIAWATY, Robert HIETTWER,
Johann MEUFERT, August UERERSETZIG, acting in
pursuance of a common design to commit the
acts hereinafter alleged, and as individuals
aiding the operation of the Dachau Concentra-
tion Camp and camps subsidiary thereto, did.
at, or in the vicinity of Duchau and Landsberg.
Germany, between about 1 January 1942 and about
29 April 1945, wilfully, deliberately and
wrongfully participate in the subjection of
civilian nationals of nations then at war with
the then German Reich to cruelties and mis-
treatment, the exact names and numbers of such
civilian nationals being unknown but aggregat-
ing many thousands who were then and there in
the custody of the then German Reich in exercise
of belligerent control.

29 April 1945, wilfully, deliberately and wrongfully participate in the subjection of members of the armed forces of nations then at war with the thon German Reich, who were then and there surrendered and unarmed prisoners of war in the custody of the then German Reich, to cruelties and mistreatment, the exact names and numbers of such prisoners of war being unknown

but aggregating many hundreds.

or perrigerant control.			
		Pleas	Madines
SECOND CHARGE: Violetion of the Laws and Usages of Wer.			
PARTICULARS: In that Jacob AU, Gustav ELGERT, Georg Florian, werl HLAWATY, Robert HERPINER, Johann NEUFERT, August UEBERSETZIG, acting in pursuance of a common design to commit the acts hereinafter alleged, and as individuals aiding in the operation of the Dachau Concentration Camp, did, at or in the vicinity of Dachau, Germany, between about 1 January 1942 and about 29 April 1945, wilfully, deliberately and wrongfully participate in the subjection of	AU ELGERT FLORIAN HLAWATY HUETTNER NEUFERT UEFERTETTIG	NG NG NG NG NG	0 0 0 0 0

Pleas

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AU ETCHENT.

FLORIAN HLAWATY

HUEFERR

THUFFERD

UEEER ETZIG

Findings

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3. EVEDENCE:

For the Prosecution: The Prosecution's case was based on extrajudicial sworn testimony as hereinefter indicated. Prosecution's Exhibit 1 is a certicion copy of the charges, particulars, findings and sentences in the parent Dachau Concentration Camp case (U.S. vs Weiss et al., 000-50-2 March 1946; R 8). Prosecution's Exhibits 2 thru 8 consist of extrajudicial testimony of each of the accused with the exception of Boris Tobias ISERIAIS whose name was deleted from the Charges and Particulars (R 4).

^{2.} MECONDENDATIONS: That the findings and sentences becapproved.

. It was shown that for considerable periods of time between 1 January 1942 to 29 April 1945 each of the accused was an SS guard at Camp Dechau and/or subsidian camps thereto (P-Mx. 2 thru P-Mx. 8; R 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15 and 16; R 17 thru R 39).

For the Defense: Defense's case was based on oral testimony (R 17 thru R 36 and sworn extrajudicial testimony of the accused (P-Ex. 2 thru P-Ex. 8). Each of the accused testified in his own defense that no prisoners were beaten or mistreated by the accused (R 18, 20, 23, 27, 30, 33 and 36).

Accused AU was an SS guard at Knufering 111 from June 1944 to 24 April 1949 (P-Ex. 2, R 9). Accused did duty as controller of the guards and as a detail leader (P-Ex. 2, R 18, 19). There were approximately 1500 prisoners including 100 women that worked for construction forms and in the kitchen of the organization Fodt (P-Ex. 2, R 9). Accused, on 24 April 1945, participated as guard to prisoner march from Maufering to Furstenfeldbruck. Approximately 900 prisoner were on the prisoner march (R 18).

In defense, accused never beat nor shot prisoners either at Kaufering or on the prisoner merch, nor did he see prisoners beaten, mistreated, shot or that died of exhaustion at Kaufering or on the prison march (P-Ex. 2, R 9; R 18, 19).

Accused ELGERT was an Air Force and SS guard at outcamps Allach, New Aublity and Germoring from 24 March 1944 to February 1945 (P.Ex. 3, R 10). On several occasions, when a tower guard, at Allach, saw prisoners beaten by capes (P.Ex. 3, R 10, 21). Also know that two prisoners were hanged openly there (R 21). Commender of Camp Allach was JAROLIN who was convicted in the parent Dachau case (U. 1 vs Weiss et al., 000-50-2 March 1946; P.Ex. 3, R 10).

In defense, accused never beat nor mistreated prisoners (P-Ex. 3, R 10, EX nor reported them for punishment (P-Ex. 3, R 10). At camps Non Aubling and Removing no prisoners were beaten (P-Ex. 3, R 10). He could not stop capes from beating prisoners as they were separated by three fonces, one electric (R 21). He reported a beating once to the Sergeant-of-the-guard but was told it was none of his business (R 21).

Accused FLORIAN was an SS guard at Camp Mottenheim from August 1944 to May 1945 (P-Ex. 4, R 11). There were approximately 3000 prisoners of Polish, Hungarian and Creek nationalities which included approximately 400 woman. Condition

were bad as the food and clothing was insufficient. The prisoners wrapped their bodies, feet and heads in paper. Many prisoners had to be carried and dragged from work back to camp due to exhaustion (P-Ex. 4, R 11). Prisoners were beaten by capes (R 24). Camp eldest ROHR and other guards mistreated prisoners. All this caused the death rate to increase to such a degree that dead bodies were houled from the camp daily (P-Ex. 4, R 11). Once a prisoner returning from work dropped his paper hat and was kicked by one of the guards (R 24).

In defense, accused never beat nor mistreated priseners (R 23), nor reported any for punishment (P-Ex. 4, R 11). He allowed priseners to pick up potatoes and gave them bread and helped them whenever he could (R 23). He reprimended the guard that kicked the prisener and warned him to never do it again (R 24). That once he complained about the treatment of priseners to Master Sergeant EPERS, and was told to mind his own business (R 24).

Accused HIAMATY was an SS guard in outcamp Kaufering 11 from 6 August 1944 to 2 December 1944 and outcamp Kaufering K1 from 2 December 1944 to 24 April 1945 (P-Ex. 5, R 14). At outcamps Kaufering 11 and X1 there were approximately 1800 to 1300 male and female prisoners of various nationalities. Prisoners at Kaufering 11 were forced to live in earth dugouts (P-Ex. 5, R 14). Accused, on or about 24 April 1945, participated as a guard in prisoner march from Kaufering X1 to Allach to Koenigsdorf. There were approximately 1200 male prisoners on the 4 to 5 day march (R 27, 28).

In defense, accused never beat or mistrated prisoners nor reported any prisoners for punishment in Kaufering 11, X1 or on the prisoner march nor did he see prisoners shot, beaten or fall out from exhaustion on the prison march. Some of the prisoners did fall out during the march, but this was due to bad feet those prisoners were placed on wegons or busses (F-Ex. 5, R 14; R 27 thru R 29).

Accused HUETTHER was an SS guard at Knufering VII from 27 October 1944 to 20 April 1945 (P-Ex. 6, R 15). His duties were NCO of the guard and in charge of small work details. There were approximately 1200 male and female prisoners of various nationalities. The prisoners were badly treated, insufficient food, wood shoes and lived in earth buts (P-Ex. 6, R 15). Prisoners collapsed from exhaustic on work details (R 31). Many died from malnutrition and typhoid (P-Ex. 6, R 15).

In defense, accused never beat nor mistreated prisoners (R 30). No prisoner were beaten on work details of which he was in charge, nor did he report any for punishment (P-Ex. 6, R 15). He allowed German women to give the prisoners on his detail food and bread and he allowed prisoners to go to the field and fetch potatoes and protected prisoners that pilitered gardens (R 30).

Accused NEUFERT was an SS guard at outcomp Kaufaring 1 from 15 March 1945 at 25 April 1945 (P-Ex. 7, R 15). Accused guarded work details and prisoners to appropriate work and was also a comp guard (R 34, 35). On 27 April 1945 accused participated as guard in a prisoner transport from Kaufaring to Camp Dachau (R 33). Company commander was MOLL who was convicted in the parent Dachau case (U.S. was Weiss et al., 000-50-2, March 1946).

In defense, accused never boat nor mistreated any prisoners (R 33). The prisoners were treated well and none of them collapsed from working (R 34). Prisoners, by their faces, showed they were not undernourished (R 35).

Accused URRERSETZIG was an SS guard at Dachau from 10 October 1944 to 17 Nov enber 1944 and outcomp Landsborg, (Kaufering XI from 17 November 1944 to 24 April 1945 (P-Ex. 8, R 16). His duties were carp guard, work detail guard and guarding prisoners to and from work (P-Ex. 8, R 16). He participated as guard in prisoner murch from Kaufering XI to Wolfratshausen, There were approximately 300 women and 700 men on the march (R 37, 38).

In defense, scoused never best nor mistreated only prisoners (R 36). He did not see prisoners mistreated at Kaufering XI (P-Ex, 8, R 16). On the prisoner march no prisoners fell out from exhaustion, nor died, nor did he see prisoners besten (R 37, 38).

- 4. JURISDICTION: The Court was legally constituted and had jurisdiction of the persons of the accused and the offenses.
- 5. COMMINES: Examination of the entire fecord fails to disclose any error or emissions which resulted in injustice to the accused. All of the accused were by their own admissions SS guards at Dachau and/or subsidiary camps thereto for considerable periods of time from 1 January 1942 to 29 April 1945 with varying ranks and duties (P-Ex. 2 thru P-Ex. 8, R 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15 and 16).

The Court was required to take cognizonce of the decision rendered in the

parent Dachau Concentration Camp case, including the findings of the Court therein, that the mass atrocity operation was criminal in nature and that the participants therein, acting in pursuance of a common design, subjected persons to
killings, beatings, tertures, etc., and was warrented in inferring that those
shown to have participated knew of the criminal nature thereof (letter, Meadquarters, United States Forces, European Theater, file AG 000.5 JAG-AGO, subject
"Trail of War Crimes Cases," 14 October 1946, letters superseded thereby, and
U.S. vs Weiss et al., 000-50-2, March 1946). All of the accused were shown to
have participated in the mass atrocity and the Court was warrented by the eviden
adduced, either in the parent case or in this subsequent proceeding, in concluding that they not only participated to a substantial degree but that the nature
and extent of their participation was such as to warrant the sentences in sed.

6. CLIMENCY: There are no Petitions for Review or Petitions for Clemency.

7. CONCLUSIONS:

- a. It is recommended that the findings and the sentences be approved.
- b. Logal Forms Nos. 13 and 16 to accomplish this result are attached hereto should it most with approval.

/s/ ELMER MOODY

Lat Lt. Inf.

Post Trial Section

Maving exemined the record of trial, I concur.

/s/ C.E. STRAIGHT
C.E. STRAIGHT
Colonel, JACO
Deputy Judge Advocate
for War Crimes.